Subject: Computing COMPUTER SCIENCE	Year group: Year 4	Topic: COMPUTER SCIENCE Algorithms	Initiation & activation activities:
	hat an algorithm is. Know that programs are made up of a sequence of codes.	Vocabulary:	
	ions to control devices or objects on screen.		
Programme of Study: Year 3 & 4	Implementation:	Impact –lesson sequence:	Evaluations and assessments:
<ul> <li>Design, write and</li> </ul>	Code and Scratch – Animation		
debug programs that	Scratch/J2Code		
accomplish specific	Navigate the Scratch programming environment.		
goals, including	Create a background and sprite for a game.		
controlling or	Add inputs to control their sprite.		
simulating physical systems: solve	• Use conditional statements (if then) within their game.		
problems by	Knowledge skills and understanding		
decomposing them	Can they use special instructions to draw regular shapes on		
into smaller parts.	screen, using commands?		
Use sequence,     selection, and	Can they experiment with variables to control models?		
	<ul> <li>Can they make turns specifying the degrees?</li> </ul>		
repetition in	<ul> <li>Can they give an on screen robot specific directional instruction</li> </ul>		
programs: work with variables and various	that takes them from x to y?		
	<ul> <li>Can they make accurate predictions about the outcome of a</li> </ul>		
forms of input and output.	program they have written?		
<ul> <li>Use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms</li> </ul>	GD		
	Kodu		
work and to detect	<ul> <li>Navigate the Kodu macro environment using keyboard and mouse</li> </ul>		
and correct errors in	<ul> <li>Create a 3D digital world for a game with land, water and scenery.</li> </ul>		
algorithms and	<ul> <li>Add a sprite to their world.</li> </ul>		
programs.	<ul> <li>Program their sprite to navigate their 3D world with an input.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Create paths on which sprites will move.</li> </ul>		
	Use conditional statements ('ifthen') to give objects behaviours		