The principal aim of religious education is to explore what people believe and what difference this makes to how they live, so that pupils can gain knowledge, understanding and skills needed to handle questions raised by religion and belief, reflecting on their own ideas and ways of living.

Subject: Religious Education	Year group: Year 1	Topic:	Unit Key Question: 1.10 What does it mean to
them and their roles in s between different religion	ed: Talk about the lives of the people around ociety. Know some similarities and differences ous and cultural communities in this country, ences and what has been read in class.	Vocabulary: belonging, christians, muslims, jews,	belong to a faith community?
Programme of Study			
	eir knowledge and understanding of religions an cabulary. They should raise questions and begin	nd worldviews, recognising their local, national and gl to express their own views in response to the materi	-
A. make sense of a range B. understand the impac	s should enable pupils to e of religious and nonreligious beliefs t and significance of religious and nonreligious l ween religious and non-religious beliefs, conce		
• give examples of how s		ning behind a festival)	
	people use stories, texts and teachings to guide in which believers put their beliefs into action	their beliefs and actions	
 give a good reason for 	stions about whether the ideas they have been the views they have and the connections they r are related to specific content within the unit c	make	

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Implementation:	Impact - Lesson Sequence:	Evaluations and assessments:
Teachers will enable pupils to achieve these outcomes, as appropriate to their age and stage, so that they can:		I am learning to
 Make sense of beliefs: Recognise that loving others is important in lots of communities Say simply what Jesus and one other religious leader taught about loving other people 		
Understand the impact: • Give an account of what happens at a traditional Christian and Jewish or Muslim welcome ceremony, and suggest what the actions and symbols mean • Identify at least two ways people show they love each other and belong to each other when they get married (Christian and/or Jewish and non-religious)		
Make connections: • Give examples of ways in which people express their		

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identity and belonging within faith communities and other communities, responding sensitively to differences • Talk about what they think is good about being in a community, for people in faith communities and for themselves, giving a good reason for their ideas.
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