Subject: Geography	Year group: Yea	ar 2	Topic: Local Study Compass Directions	Initiation & activation
and living things. They talk about the features of their c		ties and differences in relation to places, objects, materials wn immediate environment and how environments might nals and plants and explain why some things occur, and talk	Vocabulary:	activities:
Programme of Study		Implementation:	Impact –lesson sequence:	Evaluations and assessments:
<ul> <li>Pupils should develop knowledge at the United Kingdom and their locat understand basic subject-specific with the human and physical geography geographical skills, including first-fito enhance their locational awarere Pupils should be taught to:</li> <li>Locational knowledge <ul> <li>name and locate the work and five oceans</li> <li>name, locate and identify the four countries and cap United Kingdom and its su</li> </ul> </li> <li>Place knowledge <ul> <li>understand geographical study physical geography of a sn United Kingdom, and of a contrasting non-European</li> <li>Human and physical geographical so differences of the work and cold areas of the work and and cold areas of the work and and cold areas of the work and cold areas of the work and and cold areas and cold areas and the longe areas are</li></ul></li></ul>	lity. They should rocabulary relating and begin to use hand observation, hess. d's seven continents characteristics of ital cities of the rrounding seas imilarities and ng the human and hall area of the small area in a country <b>Y</b> weather patterns I the location of hot d in relation to the d South Poles abulary to refer to: uding: beach, cliff, n, sea, ocean, river, uson and weather ding: city, town,	Geographical Enquiry Can they label a diagram or photograph using some geographical words? Can they find out about a locality by using different sources of evidence? Can they find out about a locality by asking some relevant questions to someone else? Can they say what they like and don't like about their locality and another locality like the seaside? Physical Geography Can they describe some physical features of their own locality? Can they explain what makes a locality special? Can they describe the key features of a place, using words like, beach, coast forest, hill, mountain, ocean, valley? GD - Can they find the longest and shortest route using a map? Human Geography Can they describe some human features of their own locality, such as the jobs people do? Do they think that people ever spoil the area? How? Do they think that people try to make the area better? How? Can they explain what facilities a town or village might need? Geographical Knowledge GD -Can they point out the North, South, East and West associated with maps and compass?		

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_	harbour and shop	
Ge	Geographical skills and fieldwork	
•	use world maps, atlases and globes to identify	
	the United Kingdom and its countries, as well	
	as the countries, continents and oceans	
	studied at this key stage	
•	use simple compass directions (North, South,	
	East and West) and locational and directional	
	language [for example, near and far; left and	
	right], to describe the location of features and	
	routes on a map	
	•	
•	use aerial photographs and plan perspectives	
	to recognise landmarks and basic human and	
	physical features; devise a simple map; and	
	use and construct basic symbols in a key	
•	use simple fieldwork and observational skills	
	to study the geography of their school and its	
	grounds and the key human and physical	
	features of its surrounding environment.	